



TREE SPECIES THAT DO BEST IN NEW DEVELOPMENTS ON “DISTURBED SOILS” WITH COMPACTION:

Common Hackberry – Green leaf in spring and yellow leaf in fall. Small berries in fall for birds. 50 feet height and 40 feet spread at maturity.

Village Green or Green Vase Zelkova – Green leaf in spring and yellow leaf in fall. No fruit. 50 feet height and 40 feet spread at maturity.

Lacebark Elms or American Elm (Disease Resistant) – Many varieties in both species. Frontier Elm has green leaf in spring and red leaf in fall. 50 to 60 feet height and 40 feet spread at maturity.

London Plan Tree – Looks similar to wild sycamore tree, but is grown for street tree planting. Defoliating bark twice a year. Green leaf in spring and yellow leaf in fall. 75 to 80 feet height and 75 to 80 feet spread at maturity.

Redpointe Maple – Green leaf in spring and brilliant red/orange leaf in fall. 50 feet height and 40 feet spread at maturity.

Sweetgum – Green leaf in spring and red leaf in fall. Seed pods drop in fall. 60 feet height and 25 feet spread at maturity.

Bald Cypress – Deciduous conifer that loses leaves in fall. Unique red bark that exfoliates in different shades. 60 to 70 feet height and 30 feet spread at maturity.

Linden Trees – Many varieties available. Green leaf in spring and yellow leaf in fall. 40 to 50 feet in height and 30 to 35 feet spread at maturity. Japanese beetle tend to like these trees.

TREES NOT TO PLANT IN NEW DEVELOPMENTS:

Red Maple varieties – due to high pH soil problems

Sugar Maple varieties – due to high pH soil problems

Oak varieties – due to high pH soil problems

Dogwood varieties – due to high pH soil problems